

# SCIENTIFIC COMMITTEE EIGHTEENTH REGULAR SESSION

### **ELECTRONIC MEETING**

10 –18August 2022

## PROGRESS AGAINST THE 2021-2025 SHARK RESEARCH PLAN

WCPFC-SC18-2022/EB-IP-04

23 July 2022

SPC-OFP<sup>1</sup> and Secretariat

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Dedicated contribution by Stephen Brouwer and Paul Hamer

#### PROGRESS AGAINST THE 2021-2025 SHARK RESEARCH PLAN

#### **SPC-OFP** and Secretariat

#### INTRODUCTION

The report of Project 97 (Shark Research Plan 2021-2025) was adopted by SC16 and endorsed by WCPFC17 in December 2020. The final report (SC16-EB-IP-01rev1) is posted on SC16 website.

The 2021-2025 Shark Research Plan (SRP) is the  $3^{rd}$  phase of the WCPFC's SRP that builds on the previous two plans. The 2021-2025 SRP is a living document that can evolve based on the information needs and priorities of the WCPFC. The purpose of this document is to review progress against the SRP tasks to facilitate future planning of WCPFC shark research. The updates on the 2021-2025 SRP are included in Table 1. In addition, Table 2 is provided which captures the Scientific Committee's assessment schedule.

For the (relatively) data rich "key" shark assessments undertaken by the Scientific Services Provider (SSP), the complex and disparate nature of the data implies an extended period of detailed preparatory analysis, including catch reconstructions, is required. Under the current arrangement, where a shark assessment may be funded as an SC 'project' separate to the priority stock assessment work assigned to the SSP, those projects are approved for funding at December Commission meetings. This means that the specific funding agreement between the WCPFC Secretariat and the SSP is typically not completed until February, and work might begin in late February/March, with the assessment due in July. Given that other key assessments are also occurring at the same time and the challenges in developing the best information, there is insufficient time to do these shark assessments justice.

It is therefore proposed that the schedule for a "key" shark assessment undertaken by the SSP is extended over two calendar years (see Table 2). This does not have cost implications for a specific assessment but does have initial implications for the 'cash flow' of the SC budget and would require SC funding to be confirmed across two calendar years. Under this approach, in 'year 1' for example, the data compilation, fishery characterization and catch reconstructions can be undertaken. The assessment is then completed by the SC meeting in the middle of 'year 2'. We have made adjustments to table 2 that would be consistent with this rescheduling for assessments conducted by the SSP. We have not made adjustment to those assessments expected to be conducted by the ISC but they may also be interested a similar approach.

There is only one project scheduled in the SRP for 2022, the Pacific bigeye thresher shark assessment, that is not being reported on at SC18. The assessment was an ABNJ project that was not undertaken.

The following projects are listed to report to SC19/SC20 (and will need project descriptions and terms of reference developed for SC18 to consider: 1d) WCPO silky shark assessment; 1e) Pacific silky shark assessment; 1g) Pacific whale shark assessment (appendix 1). However, we seek clarity from SC18 on the need for a WCPO silky shark assessment versus a Pacific wide silky shark assessment. It seems that there is need to decide between these two options. Given the previous issues with data from the EPO, focusing the assessment on the WCPO may be preferred. There may be additional cost implications for Pacific wide assessment.

In addition, the Shark Research plan mid-term review should be undertaken in 2023. The project Terms of Reference are outlined in Appendix 1.

Table 1. SRP 2021 – 2025 Project List. SA = stock assessment.

	Title		Priority	Start	End	Progress		
		1. Stoc	•	Year	Year			
1) 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1							
,	a) SW Pacific blue sha	rk assessment	High	2020	2021	SPC. Scheduled to present at SC17 (P107) SC17-SA-WP-03 SC17-SA-IP-06 SC17-SA-IP-18 SC18-SA-WP-03 (Project 107b)		
1	b) NW Pacific blue sha	ark assessment	High	2021	2022	SC18-SA-WP-05		
	c) NW Pacific shortfin assessment	mako shark	High	2023	2024	ISC. Indicator analysis in 2021; SA scheduled in 2024		
(	d) WCPO silky shark a	assessment	High	2022	2023	Last SA in 2018; SA scheduled in 2023		
	e) Pacific silky shark a	ssessment	Medium	2022	2023	Last SA in 2018; SA scheduled in 2023		
	f) Pacific bigeye threst assessment	her shark	Medium	2021	2022	Last SA in 2017;  - ABNJ project: Not done		
	g) Pacific whale shark	assessment	Medium	2022	2023	Last SA in 2018		
1	h) SW Pacific mako sh	ark assessment	High	2021	2022	SC18-SA-WP-02 SC18-SA-IP-07 SC18-SA-IP-13		
<b>2</b> ) ]	Develop reliable catch	histories for WCl	PFC Key Sh	arks as far	back in time	as feasible		
	a) Redefining the fleet assumed in the BSH assessment		Medium	2021	2022	SC17-SA-IP-06 SC17-SA-IP-18 (covers the SP only) SC17 (Project 107)		
1	b) The development of approaches to catch based on estimates of trade	reconstructions	Medium	2024	2025	N/A		
3)	Test and improve Medium and Data Poor assessment methods to inform management decisions							
,	<ul> <li>a) Test and improve data assessment methods</li> </ul>		Medium	2024	2025	N/A		
	<ul> <li>b) Include data poor as metrics as standard rich assessments</li> </ul>		High	Ongoing	Ongoing	Included in SC17-SA-WP-03 SC18-SA-WP-012		
4) 5	Stock management			ı	ı	<u> </u>		
	<ul> <li>a) P102 – Population p oceanic whitetip sha</li> </ul>		High 1	2019	2021	SC17-SA-IP-21 SC18-EB-WP-02		
			2. Mit	tigation				
1)	Provide advice on mitig	gation Sharks wit	h non-reten	tion policies	and unwar	ited elasmobranchs		

_		~		1	1	T = = = = = = = .		
	a)	Investigate effective mitigation for WCPFC Key Sharks	Medium	2023	2025	SC17-EB-WP-01 (Project 101)		
	b)	Investigate mitigation method trade- offs between mitigation methods for	Medium	2023	2025	N/A		
		sharks, seabirds and sea turtles						
2)								
4)	a)	Estimate silky and oceanic whitetip	High	2021	2023	Shark post-release		
	a)	shark post release survival from	Iligii	2021	2023	mortality:		
		WCPO longline fisheries*				SC15-EB-WP-01		
		Wei o longime fisheries				SC15-EB-WP-04		
						Project 101 to be presented		
						at SC17		
	b)	Estimate whale shark post release	High	2021	2023	Proposed at SC16 – not		
		survival from WCPO purse seine				approved		
		fisheries*						
	c)	Improving on deck best handling	Work co	ompleted				
		and release practices for sharks in		f the SRP	2021	SC17-EB-IP-13		
		tuna purse seiners using hopper with		ct list	2021	SCI7 LB II 13		
		ramp devices	proje	et fist				
	d)	New assessment on accidentally	Work co	ompleted				
		captured silky shark post-release survival in the Indian Ocean tuna	outside o	f the SRP	2021	SC17-EB-IP-14		
			proje	ct list				
		purse seine fishery  3. I	Biological da	to improvo	monte			
4						T. Cl. I		
1)		rease the understanding of importan						
	a)	Silky shark and oceanic whitetip	High	2023	2025	N/A		
		shark reproductive biology and longevity*						
	b)	Biology and life history of	High	2023	2025	N/A		
	0)	hammerhead sharks*	Ingn	2023	2023	1771		
	c)	Resolving blue shark reproductive	Medium	2023	2025	N/A		
	ĺ	biology and reproductive schedule*						
	d)	Biology of the longfin mako shark*	Medium	2023	2025	N/A		
	e)	Life history of thresher sharks*	Medium	2023	2025	N/A		
	f)	Validated life history, biology and	Medium	2023	2025	N/A		
	1)	stock structure of the shortfin mako	Wicdiani	2023	2023	14/21		
		in the south Pacific*						
	g)	Age validation and stock structure	Low	2023	2025	N/A		
	<i>U</i> ,	of the silky shark and oceanic						
		whitetip shark*						
	h)	Stock structure and life history of	Low	2023	2025	N/A		
		southern hemisphere porbeagle						
		shark*		1 ( 77				
	4. Observer data collection							
1)		prove spatio-temporal observer data				Tana agr		
	a)	Training observers in the WCPO to	High	Ongoing	Ongoing	SPC. SC17-ST-IP-07		
		be proficient in species				(Project 109)		
	1. >	identification	TT: -1.	2021	0	SDC SC17 ST ID 07		
	b)	Training observers for extraction	High	2021	Ongoing	SPC. SC17-ST-IP-07		
		and storage of vertebrae and shark reproductive material				(Project 109)		
<u> </u>		reproductive material	<u> </u>	1	1	1		

c)	Training observers for on-deck	High	2021	Ongoing	SPC. SC17-ST-IP-07
	reproductive staging of				(Project 109)
	elasmobranchs				
d)	Measuring elasmobranchs on purse	High	Ongoing	Ongoing	SPC. SC17-ST-IP-07
	seine and longline vessels for				(Project 109)
	length-length and length-weight				
	conversion factor development				

<sup>\*</sup> Projects on the "long list" from Chin and Simpfendorfer (2019).

Table 2. WCPFC's stock assessment schedule<sup>2</sup> for 2021-2025 (Update). Data comp = proposed data compilation and characterization work and catch reconstruction work.

Species	Stock	Last	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
•	MICDO	assessment		77			XZ
Bigeye tuna	WCPO	2020		X			X
	Pacific	2015					
Skipjack tuna	WCPO	2019	X			X	
Yellowfin tuna	WCPO	2020		X			X
Albacore	S Pacific	2021			X		
	N Pacific	2020		X			X
Pacific bluefin	N Pacific	2020		X?			X
Striped marlin	SW Pacific	2019			$X^3$		
Surped marini	N Pacific	2019			X		
Compadial	SW Pacific	2021				X	
Swordfish	N Pacific	2018		X			
Pacific blue marlin	Pacific	2021					X
Silky Shark	WCPO?	2018		Data comp	X		
Sliky Sliaik	Pacific?	2018		Data comp	X		
Oceanic whitetip shark	WCPO	2019			Data comp	X	
Blue shark	SW Pacific	2021				Data comp	X
	N Pacific	2017	X				
Mako	SW Pacific		X				Data comp
	N Pacific	2018		X			•
Bigeye thresher	Pacific	2017	X				
Porbeagle	S Pacific	2017					
Whale Shark	Pacific	2018		X			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Tuna scheduled for assessment every 3 years: billfish every 4 years; and sharks every 5 years.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Note this is a 5-year gap between assessments but this is done to stagger the work that would otherwise clash with two major tuna assessments and a shark assessment all undertaken by the Scientific Services Provider in a single year.

## Appendix 1

Silky shark stock assessment in the WCPO
Undertake a stock assessment of silky shark in the western Pacific Ocean
Depending on the priorities of the SC for the work to be undertaken by the Scientific Services Provider (SSP), this project may be undertaken within the service agreement with the SSP or alternatively as a standalone project with a separate funding allocation. This will need to be decided by the SC18 considering their other priorities.
This stock was last assessed as a Pacific wide stock in 2018 (SC14-SA-WP-08) using data from 1980-2016. The WCPO stock was last assessed in 2013 (SC9-SA-WP-03). As this species is unproductive and susceptible to overfishing, one objective of this assessment is to establish and examine key areas of uncertainty and the impacts on stock productivity estimates of stock status.  Since the last assessment, more catch and effort data as well as observer data are available. The observer data will be an important component of this assessment as since CMM 2013-08 (and CMM 2019-04) came into force, silky sharks in the WCPO have had a non-retention policy and the catch data should therefore be absent from July 2014. However, release data are still available from observer records.
This project is designed to assess the stock status of silky sharks in the western Pacific Ocean using the most informative approach with respect to the available data. The assessment should assess the stock status against conventional stock assessment metrics as well as those suggested in the WCPFC 2021-2025 Shark Research Plan (SC16-EB-IP-01 rev1).
<ul> <li>Much of the existing fisheries and biological data are readily available.</li> <li>Assessment personnel are available to undertake this work.</li> <li>COVID implications on observer data can be expected to lead to poorer data in recent years, so updating the assessment may not provide reliable status estimates for recent years. A new assessment may be more focused on improvements on the previous assessment.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Review the previous assessment in the WCPO as well as other subsequent shark assessments to assess and improve on methods to increase the understanding of data strengths and weaknesses, and update stock status.</li> <li>Review of ways to deal with the input data for shark assessments (presented to a dedicated agenda item at the 2024 PAW).</li> <li>Provide a data characterization, data compilation and catch reconstruction analyses.</li> <li>Update WCPO longline catch estimates and abundance indices using recent observer data.</li> <li>Present the stock status in terms of the metrics outlined in the 2021-2025 Shark Research Plan.</li> <li>Prepare reports containing the above results for SC20.</li> <li>If the data are too poor to undertake a full quantitative assessment, then a</li> </ul>

	medium data assessment may be appropriate.
Timeframe	March 2023 - August 2024
	March 2023 - April 2024 (data compilation, fishery characterization and catch
	reconstructions)
	March 2024 - August 2024 (Stock assessment)
Budget	1FTE (\$105,000) (\$50,000 – 2023, \$55,000 – 2024)
	Travel to SC20 (\$7,000)
	Total: \$112,000
References	SC16-EB-IP-01 rev1
	SC14-SA-WP-08
	SC9-SA-WP-03

Project XX	Pacific silky shark assessment
Objectives	Undertake a stock assessment of silky sharks in the Pacific Ocean
Note	This work could be included in the WCPO silky shark assessment (Project XX) as a model with two stock assumptions a Pacific and WCPO stock each assessed separately or as a standalone assessment. The alternative approaches will be included as two options in the budget.
Rationale	This stock was last assessed in 2018 (SC14-SA-WP-08) using data from 1980-2016. SC14 noted that given the inherent uncertainty in the assessment, the estimates of stock status should be considered indicative only.  Since the last assessment, more catch and effort data as well as observer data are available. The observer data will be an important component of this assessment as
	since CMM 2013-08 came into force, silky sharks in the WCPO have had a non-retention policy and the catch data should therefore be absent from July 2014.  This project is designed to assess the stock status of silky sharks in the Pacific Ocean using the most informative approach with respect to the available data. The assessment should assess the stock status against conventional stock assessment metrics as well as those suggested in the WCPFC 2021-2025 Shark Research Plan
	(SC16-EB-IP-01 rev1).
Assumptions	<ul> <li>Much of the existing fisheries and biological data are readily available from both the WCPO and EPO.</li> <li>Assessment personnel are available to undertake this work.</li> <li>COVID implications on observer data can be expected to lead to poorer data in recent years, so updating the assessment may not provide reliable status estimates for recent years. A new assessment may be more focused on improvements on the previous assessment.</li> </ul>
Scope	<ul> <li>Reviewing the previous assessment in the WCPO to assess and improve on methods to increase the understanding of data strengths and weaknesses, and update stock status.</li> <li>Update WCPO longline catch estimates and abundance indices using recent observer data.</li> <li>Present the stock status in terms of the metrics outlined in the 2021-2025 Shark Research Plan.</li> <li>Prepare a report containing the above results for SC20.</li> <li>If the data are too poor to undertake a full quantitative assessment, then a medium data assessment may be appropriate.</li> </ul>
Timeframe	18 months (March 2023 – August 2024)

	March 2023-December 2023 (data compilation, fishery characterization and catch
	reconstructions)
	March 2024-August 2024 (Stock assessment)
Budget	Standalone assessment:
	1.1FTE (\$110,000) (\$50,000 – 2023, \$60,000 – 2024)
	Travel to SC20 (\$7,000)
	Total: \$117,000
	Inclusion in the WCPO silky shark assessment:
	0.3 FTE (\$20,000)
	Travel to SC20 (\$0)
	Total: \$20,000
References	SC16-EB-IP-01 rev1
	SC14-SA-WP-08

Project XX	Pacific whale shark assessment
Objectives	Undertake a stock assessment of whale sharks in the Pacific Ocean
Note	Data for this stock is sparse and it is likely that only a data poor assessment (e.g. quantitative risk assessment) will be possible for this species.
Rationale	The whale shark ( <i>Rhincodon typus</i> ) was listed by the Convention on the Conservation of Migratory Species (CMS) in 1999, as well as the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species (CITES) in 2003.  Whale sharks interact with purse-seine fisheries targeting skipjack tuna, where, in the past, they were set on deliberately, but currently they are avoided, and only deep swimming juveniles are caught incidentally.
	Pacific whale sharks were last assessed in 2018 (SA-WP-12 - rev. 1). Due to their life-history, whale sharks are thought to be vulnerable to fishing mortality. The previous assessment (SA-WP-12 - rev. 1) found that there was a <20% risk that current mortality exceed a range of life history-based notional reference points.
Assumptions	<ul> <li>Much of the existing fisheries and biological data are readily available.</li> <li>Assessment personnel are available to undertake this work.</li> </ul>
Scope	<ul> <li>Reviewing the previous assessment in the WCPO to assess and improve on methods to increase the understanding of data strengths and weaknesses, and update stock status.</li> <li>Update WCPO longline catch estimates and abundance indices using recent observer data.</li> <li>Present the stock status in terms of the metrics outlined in the 2021-2025 Shark Research Plan.</li> <li>Prepare a report containing the above results for SC19.</li> </ul>
Timeframe	March 2023 – August 2023
Budget	0.5 FTE (\$50,000) Travel to SC19 (\$7,000) Total: \$57,000
References	SA-WP-12 (rev. 1)

Project XX	SRP mid-term review
------------	---------------------

Objectives	Review the WCPFC Scientific Committee's 2021-2025 Shark Research Plan (SRP), to evaluate progress against the plan and assess future needs for shark research relevant to management of the WCPO shark stocks.
Note	
Rationale	The first Shark Research Plan (SRP) covered 2010-2014. At its Tenth Session the Scientific Committee (SC10) agreed in 2014 on a programme of shark work for the Scientific Service Provider (SSP). This work was to be carried out in 2015 and included that the SSP draft a second SRP for consideration by SC11 to cover work in 2016-2020, which was then followed by the current 2021-2025 SRP. This project will evaluate progress against that plan and consider the future shark information needs of the WCPFC.  This work will also evaluate the progress against the current SRP components:  • Assessments to be undertaken with existing and available data.  • Coordination of research efforts to supplement biological and other assessment related information; and  • Improvement of data from commercial fisheries.
Assumptions	SPC has the personnel (or contracted scientist) and budget available to undertake this work.
Scope	While this document will focus on the WCPFC key shark species, other elasmobranchs can be considered as required.
Timeframe	March 2023-August 2023
Budget	0.3 FTE, \$30,000
References	SC16-EB-IP-01 rev1